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WORKERS OF REPUBLICAN AT ANNUAL DINNER

Third Annual Fellowship Banquet of Employees of This Paper is an Enjoyable Affair at Riverside Park

MR. HEARD AS THE TOASTMASTER

Hitherto Hidden Oratorical Talents Are Brought Out in the Responses to Impromptu Toasts Proounded by President

Every gathering of men and women has a motif. Primarily the assembling yesterday afternoon at Riverside Park of practically every man and woman in any way connected with The Arizona Republican, from the president and general manager down to the apprentices in the mechanical department or the assistant clerks in the mailing department, had for its purpose participation in the third annual Fellowship dinner, tendered by Dwight B. Heard, president and general manager, assisted by Mrs. Heard, that there were other purposes in the bringing together of these co-workers. These men and women who are giving daily of the best within them to make of The Republican the best and greatest newspaper in the southwest. It gave opportunity for the interchange of ideas and for the exchange of congratulations over a year well spent and over work well done. It afforded opportunity for the final exhibition in Arizona of the bottle of the first water over the Roosevelt Dam, to be used next Saturday in the christening ceremonies in connection with the launching of the great superdreadnaught, the Arizona, and the telling again of the story of how the water was taken; how it has been since safeguarded, and how its genuine Arizona copper sheath was manufactured in this city by Walter Heise from copper furnished by Captain John C. Greenway of the Copper Queen company. And, finally, it gave opportunity to wish Godspeed to Mr. and Mrs. Heard on their journey to New York, carrying the bottle and its precious contents to the christening.

The Third Annual Fellowship dinner will go down in The Republican history as the greatest and most enjoyable affair ever given under the auspices of a host and hostess who, by broad-minded counsel and kindly consideration day by day, have endeared themselves firmly in the hearts and minds of every attaché of this paper. No better evidence of the high regard of the employees for the general manager and, for that matter, of the general manager for the employees, could be found than in the presence at this particular dinner of practically all who were in attendance at the second annual dinner and of nearly as large a percentage of those who graced the banquet board at the first gathering. In the three years there have been surprisingly few changes in the operating force of The Republican. Team play and co-operation have been indicated into the hearts of the employees, and loyalty has grown and thrived without any particular reason being apparent.

In the spacious dining-room at Riverside Park yesterday afternoon at 2 o'clock upwards of sixty employees of The Republican sat down to dinner with Mr. and Mrs. Heard. For an hour they discussed the good things prepared under the direction of Mine Host Cummings, and then they leaned back in their comfortable chairs and over the coffee and cigars gave brief talks on "shop" subjects. Mr. Heard presided as toastmaster and overlooked no opportunity to bring out the good points of the various departments or to pave the way for heads of these departments to expose the secrets of their success.

The diners had not long been seated when the pleasing little entertainment arranged under the direction of Maitland Davies was inaugurated. Under the leadership of round and happy Billy House, Billy Fitzsimmons, Jimmie Allard and Jack Barton, with H. B. Hinemann presiding at the piano, and all comprising the pick of the Coliseum entertainers, a

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Big Traction Strike Is Ordered In Windy City

[Associated Press Dispatch]
CHICAGO, June 13.—A strike of 14,500 employees of the surface and elevated traction systems was ordered at midnight. The men were directed to finish their runs and return to the barns. The strike was called after an all-day session with transportation officials, labor leaders and Mayor Thompson on the question of increased wages, which the men insisted be guaranteed before arbitration was considered.

NOT WAR OF CONQUEST SAYS GERMAN SOCIALIST QUOTING CHANCELLOR

YAQUIS ATTACK ESPEE WORK TRAIN

NOGALES, June 13.—A laborer was killed and W. E. Bach, water superintendent and brakeman Smith and Martinez were shot in an attack last night by Yaquis on a Southern Pacific work train at Mapoli, five miles south of Guaymas, according to report. Several Indians were killed. There was a military escort of twenty-five with the train. The wounded are at a hospital in Empalme, none of them dangerously injured.

BUSY SESSION IN THE HOUSE COMING WEEK

Final Vote Will Be Taken on Public Land Bill Tomorrow—Other Time Consuming Measures Are Upon Its Heels

A continuation of the discussion of the county division bill will occupy the house this morning and possibly this afternoon. It is thought, though, that the prohibition bill, that is, the senate bill constraining the prohibition amendment, may be taken up some time this afternoon. That will probably consume a great deal of time, for there are members of the house who will try to incorporate some of the provisions of the Powers-Drachman bill of the regular session into this measure, which was designed by the senate only to permit the importation of alcohol by druggists for medicinal purposes.

The public land bill will be taken up in the house tomorrow for third reading and the general impression is that it will be passed, though the emergency clause will require a two-thirds vote. There are some members who do not like the bill and would defeat it if there was even a slight chance that another public land bill could be passed at this session. And it may be said that none will be considered, and it may further be said that the legislature, as it is now constituted, can never agree upon any other bill at this or any other session. It is realized that the defeat of the measure will leave the state without a land department for the next two years.

Then, there will be the anti-capital punishment bill in the house. What will become of it there is uncertainty, though opinion generally is against its passage. But it is absolutely certain that the senate will not pass it, and probably will not even consider it.

Many of the senators are opposed to the consideration of any other legislation except the land bill, and that has already been pretty thoroughly discussed.

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CELEBRATION OF FLAG DAY AT STATE HOUSE TONIGHT

This evening will witness the gathering of a host of Phoenixians, to do homage to the Flag of the nation.

Each year, the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks, throughout the country, hold services in honor of Old Glory. Today is the date selected for the year 1915. It comes at a particularly appropriate occasion, when the flag is being looked up to all over the civilized world as the banner of peace and protection.

For this and the reason that the nation is passing through a period of international troubles, it is expected that a large crowd of patriotic citizens will congregate in the grounds of the state house, selected as the scene of the ceremonies.

A concert by the Indian school band at 7:45 will open the program. The

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Latter Said to Be Opposed to Annexation of Belgium or Any Other Territory Outside of German Boundaries Before War

PAN-GERMAN PRESS TAKE OPPOSITE VIEW

And Ask When the Imperial Government Has Ever Made a Socialist Deputy the Interpreter of Its Intentions

AMSTERDAM, June 13.—The Imperial German chancellor, Herr von Bethmann-Hollweg, is opposed to the annexation of Belgium or of any territory which before the war belonged to another country, according to a speech delivered at Solingen by the Socialist Deputy Scheidemann, who declared that he had the very best authority for making this statement. Herr Scheidemann, who made this speech to a public meeting held under the auspices of the local socialist organization, said:

"I repudiate as utterly unreasonable and impossible the demands which the national liberal leader, Herr Paasche, has put forward in regard to the objects of this war. Herr Paasche says that the whole of the German nation demands with vehement insistence the annexation of Belgium, but I deny this assertion, and I say that we socialists expect the fulfillment of the Kaiser's pledge given on August 4, that 'we do not want a war of conquest.' At the beginning of the war the Imperial government gave full assurance that Germany was embarking on a war of self-defense, and that she was forced to fight to preserve her own independent existence; how, then, could we turn round and say that we desire and intend to annex Belgium? There must be no annexation, and no attempt at conquest of territory, just because the war was begun and has been carried on solely for the purpose of legitimate self-defense. I know definitely, and can state with certainty, that the Imperial chancellor remains faithful to the pledge of last August that Germany seeks no conquests, and has no intention of appropriating foreign territory."

Herr Scheidemann's speech has been fully reported in the organs of all political parties, and his emphatic assertion in regard to the Imperial chancellor's personal views on German policy has been discussed with great freedom. The "Vorwarts" of Berlin, the whole of the socialist press are openly opposed to the idea of annexation, and express the hope that Herr Scheidemann's statements are correct, and that the policy of the government will be identical with the personal opinions of the chancellor.

But the Pan-German and Prussian conservative newspapers are highly disatisfied and call upon the government to disavow the views attributed to the chancellor. The "Kreuz-Zeitung" says:

"While the government carefully avoid giving any signs of their intentions regarding the policy to be pursued in connection with the terms of peace, Herr Scheidemann publicly

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DISBROW WINS CENTURY

[Associated Press Dispatch]
MILWAUKEE, June 13.—Louis Disbrow won the 100-mile automobile race, \$5,000 sweepstakes, free-for-all, from eleven starters at the fair grounds. Eddie Hearne was second and John Haimy third. Time, 1:36:36.

JUAREZ MARKET BURNS

[Associated Press Dispatch]
JUAREZ, June 13.—The municipal market, covering an entire block, and contents were destroyed by fire of unknown origin. The market was erected years ago at a cost of \$20,000.

COST REVIEW BOARD ABOUT THROUGH HERE

Last Public Hearing Ended Saturday, and After a Night Session Board Announces Through Orme an Executive Session

ORME'S STATEMENT OF THE WORK DONE

Members Intend to Finish Final Draft Early This Week—Probable Dissenting Voice—Tuesdale Here from Yuma

BY JOHN P. ORME, President Salt River Valley Water Users' Association

The Cost Review Board of the Salt River Project concluded its public meetings Saturday afternoon and went into executive session. It is not known when the findings will be made and mailed to Washington, as under the instructions of the secretary the conclusions of the board are to be made at executive session and transmitted to the secretary alone for review by the Central Board. Previous to the meetings of the board the Salt River Valley Water Users' Association sent out to all its members a circular letter with blank spaces for answering questions, giving information on the work covered by the Cost Review Board. A great many replies were received and were formally presented to the board and spread upon the record. In addition to this a public hearing was held but practically no information was available by reason of this testimony. In addition to that already in the possession of the board, and in the afternoon session only one witness appeared who desired to give information. In view of the fact that the Water Users by great foresight had prepared data in great detail for presentation to the board, the members of the board felt that nothing would be gained by further testimony.

In an endeavor to finish its work, (Continued on Page Five)

WILL DISCUSS PREVENTION OF TUBERCULOSIS

Subjects of Latest Significance in Treatment of Disease Will Be Taken Up at Important Meeting Today at Seattle

[Associated Press Dispatch]
SEATTLE, June 13.—Subjects of the latest significance in the treatment and prevention of tuberculosis will be discussed during the next three days at the eleventh annual meeting of the National Association for the Study and Prevention of Tuberculosis, which meets in this city tomorrow. Among the principal topics of discussion will be immunity against tuberculosis, vaccination to prevent the disease, artificial pneumothorax as a method of treatment, housing in its relation to the tuberculosis problem, and methods of prevention for anti-tuberculosis organizations.

The subject of immunity will be discussed by a number of speakers in the clinical and pathological sections, particularly on Tuesday night, by Dr. Enrico Castelli of New York, who will present the results of experimental work carried on by the Faculty of Medicine of Genoa, Italy, in an endeavor to render children and adults immune against attacks of tuberculosis. The Wednesday morning session and clinical section will be devoted entirely to the discussion of artificial pneumothorax for the compression of the lung by the injection of nitrogen gas in the pleural cavity as an aid in the treatment of tuberculosis. This method of treatment has been in vogue for several years, and the results of numerous experiments will be summarized. Before the sociological section, important papers on the relation of bad housing to infection from tuberculosis and what steps can be taken to prevent unsanitary conditions will be discussed.

Between 300 and 500 delegates and members from all parts of the United States are to be in attendance at the meeting. The first regular session will be held tomorrow night, at which time the subject of "Child Welfare in Its Relation to Tuberculosis" will be discussed.

GERMANS NOW CLAIM SUCCESS IN BATTLES WITH THE RUSSIANS

Commence Attacks on River San and Along the Dnieper and Report Are Successful in Both These Sections

TEUTONS NEARING RUMANIAN LINE

Simultaneously Germans Are Proceeding With Attack Against Russian Center on River Rawka, West of Warsaw

[Associated Press Dispatch]

LONDON, June 13.—Both in the Baltic provinces and along the Dnieper the heavy fighting continues between the Russians and the Austro-Germans without, however, any very material change in the situation. The movement forward and backward of the battle lines in the Baltic provinces is almost continual, each side has at various times the advantage. In Galicia the scene if the fighting is changed.

The Germans, backed in their efforts to reach Lemberg from the south, commenced to attack the Russians on the river San, north of Przemyśl, along the Dnieper in southeastern Galicia, and in their report tonight claim to have been successful in both sections.

The movement southeast resembles that which failed further up the Dnieper, at Zurawa, but is on a wide scale. The right wing of the Austro-German army is only twenty miles from the Rumanian frontier, while the left reaches as far as Holcz, where many attacks have been delivered against a bridgehead. Center operations in Kilomera, from which point many attacks which have carried the Teutonic allies across the Dnieper in several places, are being launched.

Simultaneously the Germans are proceeding with an attack against the Russian center on the river Rawka, west of Warsaw, where also they are successful, according to their reports.

In the western zone, artillery engagements progress from the sea to Woerre and even beyond that district, with here and there, infantry fighting. With Montfalcone, Gradiska in their hands, the Italians have begun an attack on Gorizia (Goré), farther up the Isonzo river, one of the frontier positions. The Italians already have cut their communications to the north and south of the town, so it depends now entirely upon the different mountain roads outward.

SHOE PRICES RAISED

[Associated Press Dispatch]
HAMBURG, June 13.—For the second time since the beginning of the war the shoe and leather dealers of Hamburg, Altona and vicinity have announced an increase in the price not only of shoes, but of repairing footwear. The first raise came in December. Leather, however, had so increased in price since then that dealers claim to be unable to operate at any profit at all unless they charge still more.

CAMINETTI ELOPEMENT CASE DECISION IS EXPECTED TODAY

(Special to The Republican.)
WASHINGTON, June 13.—The Dicks-Caminetti elopement case, which stirred the country two years ago, because of the prominence of the men involved, the circumstances attending the prosecution of the men under the White Slave Act, and their conviction and sentence under its provisions, is now before the supreme court of the United States, and it is hoped by those interested in the famous case and in the definition of the famous law that supreme court will render an opinion as to the exact bounds of its application.

The great point at issue is whether the act should cover cases of mere immorality where, it is not shown that traffic in vice existed or that coercion was resorted to. It is on the ground that the Mann Act does not so apply that the review of the case of F. Drew Caminetti was requested of the court.

Hon. James R. Mann, congressman from Illinois, who framed the law, has stated that he did not intend it as a weapon to punish personal escapades, but as a means of stopping commercialized vice and coercion to vice, which constituted all views of white slavery before the famous act was passed by congress. That there is a tendency on the part of the Department of Justice to limit the scope of the prosecutions under the Mann Act to those involving commercialized vice and coercion is indicated in Washington. In fact, the government officials stated they would not oppose the application of former Senator Joseph W.

TWO BARKS ARE SUNK BY TORPEDOES

LONDON, June 13.—The British bark Crown of India, two thousand tons, with a cargo of coal and the Norwegian bark Bell Glade, 600 tons, timber laden, were sunk by German submarine U-35 off Milfordhaven, Wales. The crews of the barks were landed at Milfordhaven. The sailors of the Crown say several shots were fired across her bow. She slowed down and was shelled and sunk.

VIVIANI WANTS ALL FRENCHMEN INDEMNIFIED

Premier of France Has Introduced Law Establishing Principle of Full Indemnities for Losses Sustained by French Citizens

[Associated Press Dispatch]

PARIS, June 13.—Premier Viviani has introduced in the chamber of deputies a law establishing the principle of full indemnities for losses sustained



Rene Viviani.

FRIENDLY TONE OF COMMENT IS ENCOURAGING

Views of Press of Europe on Note to Germany Attracts Attention and is Cause of Speculation in Washington

FOR FRIENDLINESS IN NEGOTIATIONS

High Officials Feel if This Spirit Can Be Maintained Efforts of the United States Will Ultimately Be Successful

[Associated Press Dispatch]

WASHINGTON, June 13.—Comment of the press of Europe on the note to Germany attracted much attention in official and diplomatic quarters, and in the absence of information concerning probable the attitude of the German government, the note was the chief subject of speculation. The editors of the German press were read with particular interest by officials, who drew much encouragement from the references to the friendly tone of the American note.

High officials felt if a spirit of friendliness can be maintained throughout the negotiations, the efforts of the United States to convince Germany of the legality American position will ultimately be successful. The careful phrasing of the last American note was known to have had for its purpose the stating of the demands of the United States very earnestly, but in such a fashion as would make it unobtrusive for Germany to meet the American position in a way satisfactory to her own public opinion as well as that of the United States.

The fact that the German press is divided as to the policy that ought to be pursued is regarded hopefully here. It is pointed out in diplomatic quarters friendly to the German cause, that with the arrival in Berlin of Anton Meyer Gerhard, with a full statement of the state of American public opinion, the suggestion for a compromise will bring about a better feeling in all quarters of Berlin.

William J. Bryan has gone to Old Point Comfort. There was little comment on his statement of yesterday. While the White House would not comment on his utterances it was pointed out that not only was the note shown him in its final form, but the president expressed a hope at the farewell meeting an hour before the note was cabled that some way might be found that would make unnecessary the secretary's resignation, especially because of the possible misconception in Germany of a change at this time.

by French citizens to real estate and personal property caused directly by the war. The loss must be traceable to military occupation of territory, attack or defense, and the indemnity must be employed in the restoration of the property damaged or destroyed.

Another law will be introduced later on fixing the conditions for indemnities to communities, municipalities, departments and public institutions. In introducing this law the government declares its purpose to reject the idea of "relief" and base all payments on the right of the victims of war to indemnities.

TORPEDO BOATS ACTIVE

[Associated Press Dispatch]
PETROGRAD, June 13.—Torpedo-boats on the night of the tenth destroyed buildings at Samsun on the Black sea and sunk many boats.

WEATHER TODAY

COOLER-FAIR-WARMER
↑
RAIN-CLOUDS-SHOWERS

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 13.—For Arizona: Monday and Tuesday fair; slight changes of temperature.

No Attack On Agua Prieta Is Order Of Col. O'Connor

(Associated Press Dispatch)

DOUGLAS, June 13.—The Carranza commander at Calles and Agua Prieta reports his aeroplane yesterday dropped bombs on Urbalejo's camp, killing and wounding several Yaqui soldiers. A hundred shots were fired at the machine, taking no effect.

Governor Maytorena, the Villa commander of Sonora, gave out a reply to Colonel O'Connor's warning not to attack Agua Prieta. He states he urged Urbalejo, Acosta and Trujillo to use scrupulous care to not violate the Naco agreement to expose this city to the slightest danger of firing. But for the American request he would take the town in short order, he says.